## Lecture 3: Math for Computer Graphics - Review Questions

- What is the difference between a point and a vector?
- What are homogeneous coordinates? How do we represent points and vectors using homogeneous coordinates?
- What is the 'right hand rule' for coordinate frames?
- How do you compute:
- the dot product of two vectors
- the cross product of two vectors
- the angle between two vectors
- When would you use the C function atan2?
- What is an orthonormal basis?
- How do we compute an orthonormal basis from a single vector?
- If we have a vector stored in a basis frame $u, v, w$, how do we convert it to a vector stored in world frame $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}, \mathrm{z}$ ?
- What are the implicit and parametric forms of a line? Why are they named implicit and parametric?
- What is the implicit form of a circle centered at $\left(\mathrm{x}_{\mathrm{c}}, \mathrm{y}_{\mathrm{c}}\right)$ with radius r ?
- What are implicit and parametric expressions for surfaces?
- Write:
- an implicit equation for a line given two points
- a parametric equation for a line given two points
- an implicit equation for a plane given three points
- What are barycentric coordinates?
- How would we interpolate vertex colors using barycentric coordinates?
- Given an point and a triangle, how do we find the barycentric coordinates of that point?

Looking ahead:

- Write a parametric expression for a line (a ray) and an implicit expression for a sphere and determine where (if at all) the two intersect.

