

15-462 Computer Graphics I
Lecture 22

Non-Photorealistic Rendering

Pen-and-Ink Illustrations
Painterly Rendering
Cartoon Shading
Technical Illustrations
Acknowledgment: Steve Lin

April 25, 2002
Frank Pfenning
Carnegie Mellon University

<http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~fp/courses/graphics/>

Goals of Computer Graphics

- Traditional: Photorealism
- Sometimes, we want more
 - Cartoons
 - Artistic expression in paint, pen-and-ink
 - Technical illustrations
 - Scientific visualization [Lecture 21]

Non-Photorealistic Rendering

“A means of creating imagery that does not aspire to realism” - Stuart Green



Cassidy Curtis 1998



David Gainey

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

3

Some NPR Categories

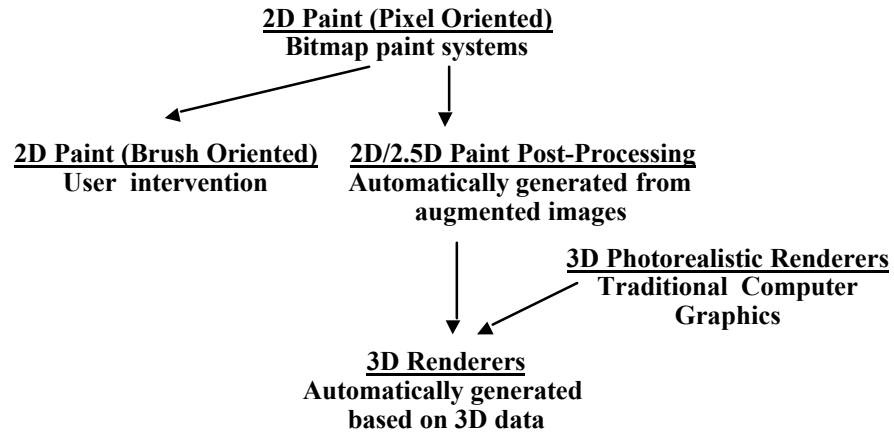
- Pen-and-Ink illustration
 - Techniques: cross-hatching, outlines, line art, etc.
- Painterly rendering
 - Styles: impressionist, expressionist, pointilist, etc.
- Cartoons
 - Effects: cartoon shading, distortion, etc.
- Technical illustrations
 - Characteristics: Matte shading, edge lines, etc.
- Scientific visualization
 - Methods: splatting, hedgehogs, etc.

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

4

Emergence of NPR



04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

5

Outline

- Pen-and-Ink Illustrations
- Painterly Rendering
- Cartoon Shading
- Technical Illustrations

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

6

Pen-and-Ink Illustrations

- Strokes
 - Curved lines of varying thickness and density
- Texture
 - Character conveyed by collection of strokes
- Tone
 - Perceived gray level across image or segment
- Outline
 - Boundary lines that disambiguate structure

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

7

Pen-and-Ink Examples

Winkenbach and
Salesin 1994

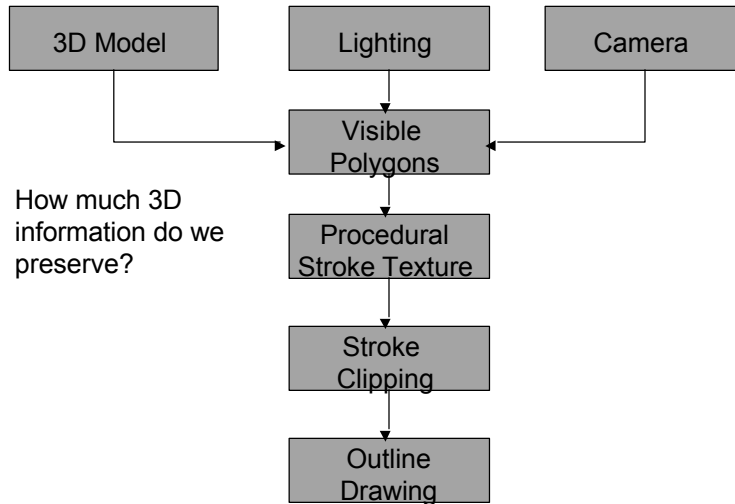


04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

8

Rendering Polygonal Surfaces



04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

9

Strokes and Stroke Textures

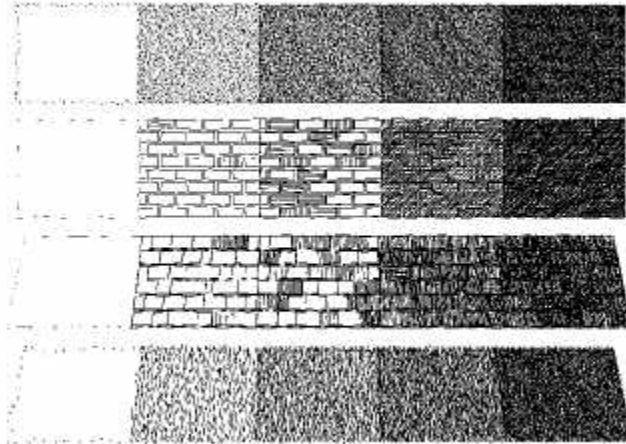
- Stroke generated by moving along straight path
- Stroke perturbed by
 - Waviness function (straightness)
 - Pressure function (thickness)
- Collected in stroke textures
 - Tone dependent
 - Resolution dependent
 - Orientation dependent
- How automatic are stroke textures

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

10

Stroke Texture Examples



Winkenbach and Salesin 1994

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

11

Prioritized Stroke Textures

- Technique for limiting human intervention
- Collection of strokes with associated priority
- When rendering
 - First draw highest priority only
 - If too light, draw next highest priority, etc.
 - Stop if proper tone is achieved
- Procedural stroke textures
- Support scaling
- Also applies to non-procedural stroke textures

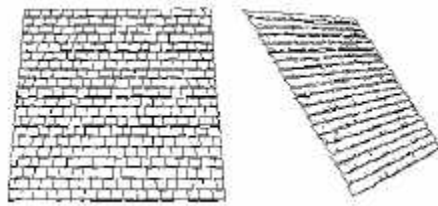
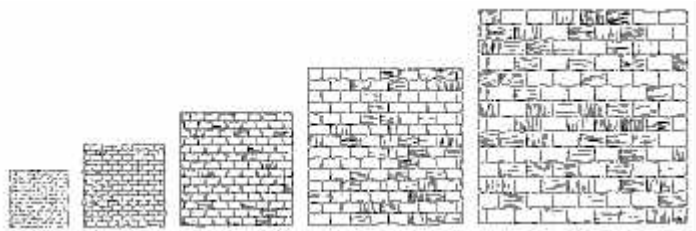
04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

12

Stroke Texture Operations

Scaling



Changing Viewing Direction (Anisotropic)

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

13

Indication

- Selective addition of detail
- Difficult to automate
- User places detail segments interactively

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

14

Indication Example



Bold strokes
indicate detail
segments

With indication

Without indication



04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

15

Outlines

- Boundary or interior outlines
- Accented outlines for shadowing and relief
- Dependence on viewing direction
- Suggest shadow direction

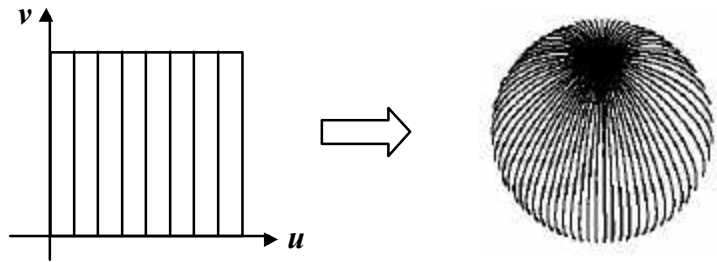
04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

16

Rendering Parametric Surfaces

- Stroke orientation and density
 - Place strokes along isoparameter lines
 - Choose density for desired tone
 - $\text{tone} = \text{width} / \text{spacing}$



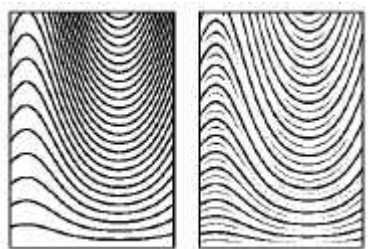
04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

17

Stroke Width

- Adjust stroke width retain uniform tone



Winkenbach and
Salesin 1996



04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

18

Parametric Surface Example



Constant-density
hatching

Smooth shading
with single light

Longer smoother
strokes for glass

Environment
mapping

Update reflection
coefficient

Standard rendering techniques are still important!

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

19

Parametric Surface Example



Winkenbach and
Salesin 1996

04/25/2002

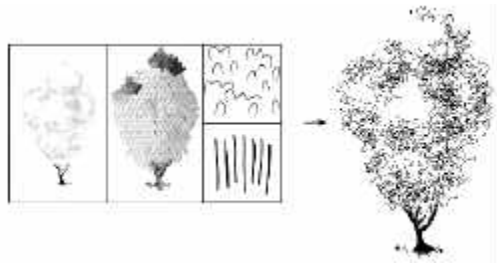
15-462 Graphics I

20

Orientable Textures

- Inputs
 - Grayscale image to specify desired tone
 - Direction field
 - Stroke character
- Output
 - Stroke shaded image

Salisbury et al. 1997

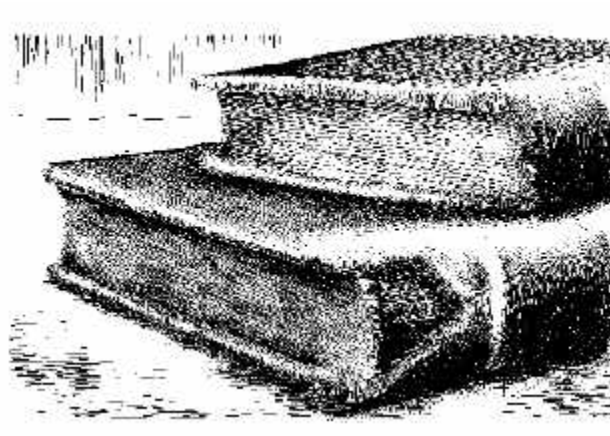


04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

21

Orientable Stroke Texture Example



Salisbury et al. 1997

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

22

Outline

- Pen-and-Ink Illustrations
- Painterly Rendering
- Cartoon Shading
- Technical Illustrations

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

23

Painterly Rendering

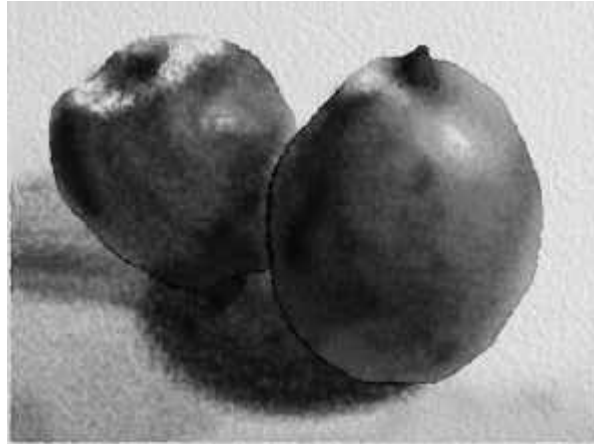
- Physical simulation
 - User applies brushstrokes
 - Computer simulates media
- Automatic painting
 - User provides input image or 3D model
 - User specifies painting parameters
 - Computer generates all strokes
- Subject to controversy

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

24

Physical Simulation Example



Curtis et al. 1997, *Computer Generated Watercolor*

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

25

Computer-Generated Watercolor

- Complex physical phenomena for artistic effect
- Build simple approximations
- Paper generation as random height field



- Simulated effects



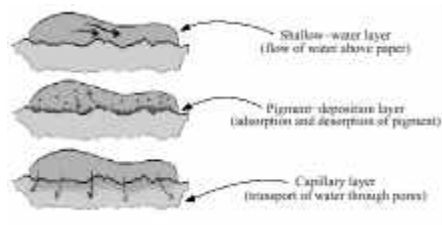
04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

26

Fluid Dynamic Simulation

- Use water velocity, viscosity, drag, pressure, pigment concentration, paper gradient
- Paper saturation and capacity



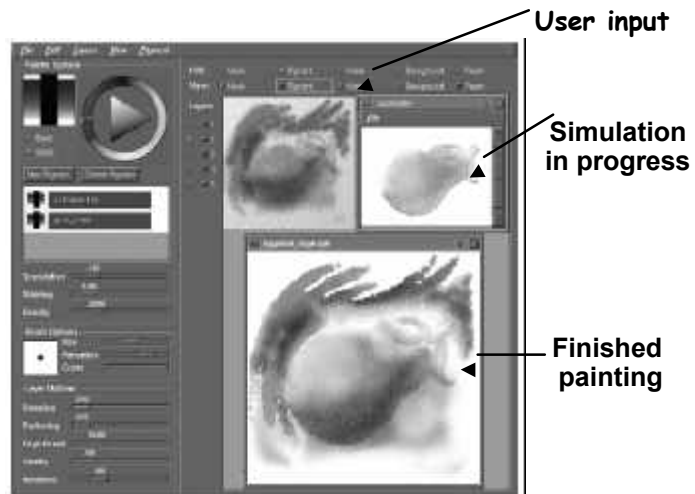
- Discretize and use cellular automata

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

27

Interactive Painting



04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

28

Automatic Painting Example



Hertzmann 1997

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

29

Automatic Painting from Images

- Start from color image: no 3D information
- Paint in resolution-based layers
 - Blur to current resolution
 - Select brush based on current resolution
 - Find area of largest error compared to real image
 - Place stroke
 - Increase resolution and repeat
- Layers are painted coarse-to-fine
- Styles controlled by parameters

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

30

Layered Painting



04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

31

Brush Strokes

- Start at point of maximal error
 - Calculate difference between original image and image painted so far
- Direction perpendicular to gradient
 - Stroke tends to follow equally shaded area
- Stopping criteria
 - Difference between brush color and original image color exceeds threshold
 - Maximal stroke length reached

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

32

Longer Brush Strokes

- For longer, curved brush strokes
 - Repeat straight line algorithm
 - Stop, again on length or difference threshold
- Use anti-aliased cubic B-spline



04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

33

Painting Styles

- Style determined by parameters
 - Approximation threshold
 - Brush sizes
 - Curvature filter
 - Blur factor
 - Minimum and maximum stroke lengths
 - Opacity
 - Grid size
 - Color jitter
- Encapsulate parameter settings as style

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

34

Some Styles

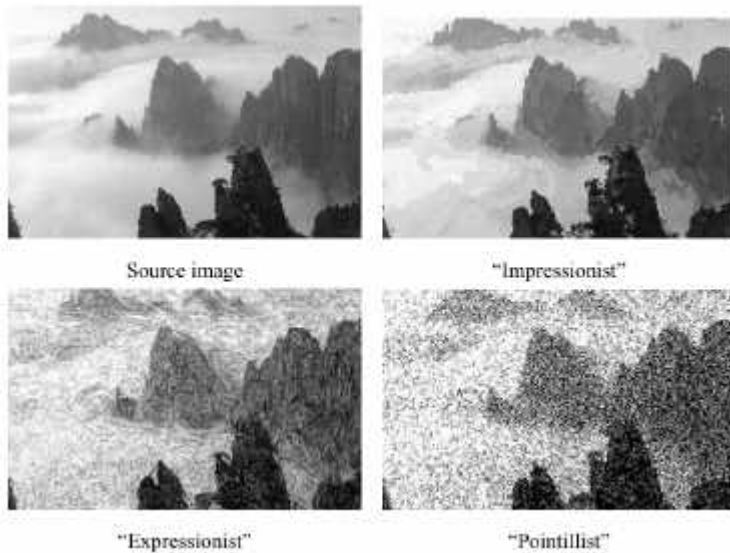
- “Impressionist”
 - No random color, $4 \leq \text{stroke length} \leq 16$
 - Brush sizes 8, 4, 2; approximation threshold 100
- “Expressionist”
 - Random factor 0.5, $10 \leq \text{stroke length} \leq 16$
 - Brush sizes 8, 4, 2; approximation threshold 50
- “Pointillist”
 - Random factor ~ 0.75 , $0 \leq \text{stroke length} \leq 0$
 - Brush sizes 4, 2; approximation threshold 100
- Not convincing to artists

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

35

Style Examples



04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

36

Outline

- Pen-and-Ink Illustrations
- Painterly Rendering
- Cartoon Shading
- Technical Illustrations

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

37

Cartoon Shading

- Shading model in 2D cartoon
 - Use material color and shadow color
 - Present lighting cues, shape, and context
- Stylistic
- Used in many animated movies
- Developing real-time techniques for games

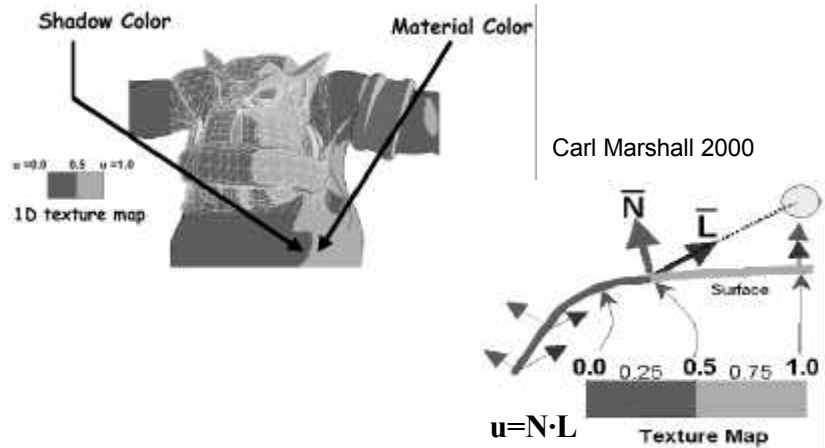
04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

38

Cartoon Shading as Texture Map

- Apply shading as 1D texture map

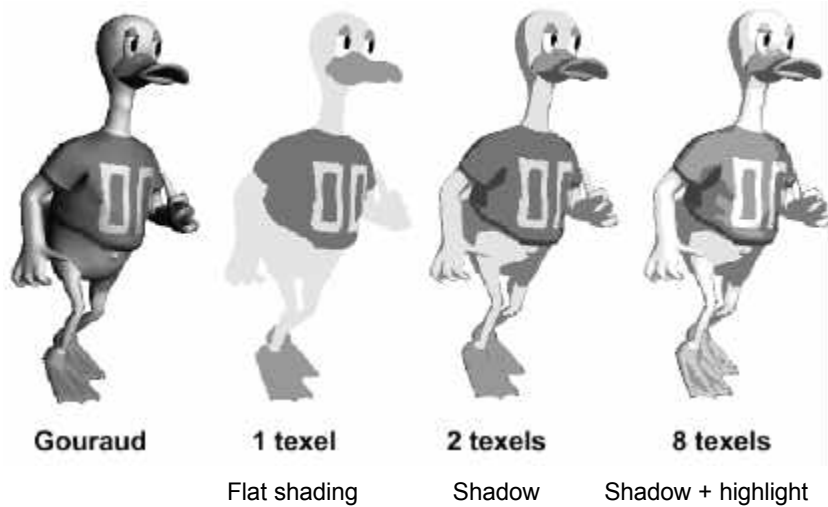


04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

39

Shading Variations



04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

40

Outline

- Pen-and-Ink Illustrations
- Painterly Rendering
- Cartoon Shading
- Technical Illustrations

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

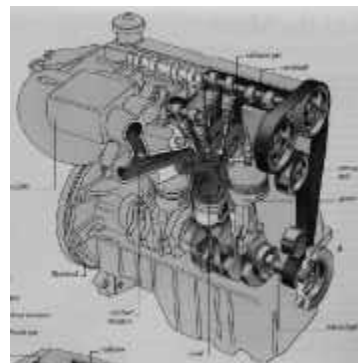
41

Technical Illustrations

- Level of abstraction
 - Accent important 3D properties
 - Dimish or eliminate extraneous details Ruppel 1995
- Do not represent reality



Photo



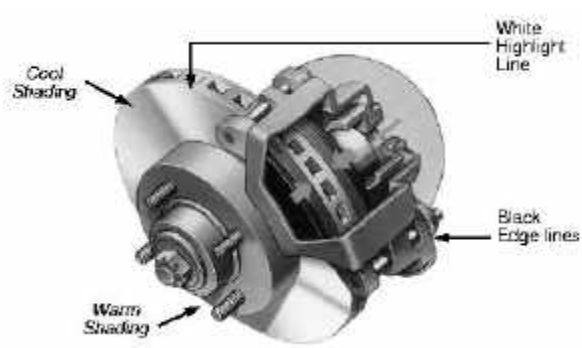
04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

42

Conventions in Technical Illustrations

- Black edge lines
- Cool to warm shading colors
- Single light source; shadows rarely used

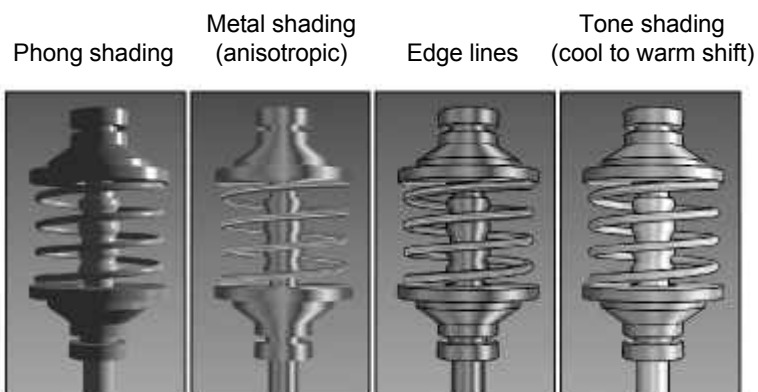


04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

43

Technical Illustration Example



04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

44

The Future

- Smart graphics
 - Design from the user's perspective
 - HCI, AI, Perception
- Artistic graphics
 - More tools for the creative artist
 - New styles and ideas

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

45

Movies

- Baxter et al, *DAB: Interactive Haptic Painting with 3D Virtual Brushes*, SIGGRAPH'01
- Kowalski et al., *Art-based Rendering of Fur, Grass and Trees*, SIGGRAPH'99

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

46

Summary

- Beyond photorealism
 - Artistic appeal
 - Technical explanation and illustration
 - Scientific visualization
- Use all traditional computer graphics tools
- Employ them in novel ways
- Have fun!

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

47

Preview

- Assignment 7 due tonight
- Tuesday Guest Lecture
 - Wayne Wooten, Pixar
- Thursday
 - Assignment 7 images and movies
 - Assignment 8 due before class
 - 2nd half review for final

04/25/2002

15-462 Graphics I

48